

Driver Manual FS-8700-153 Safe-Fire-Detection – Serial

APPLICABILITY & EFFECTIVITY

Effective for all systems manufactured after March 2021.



fieldserver

Driver Revision: 1.00 Document Revision: 2.A

MSAsafety.com



MSA Safety 1000 Cranberry Woods Drive Cranberry Township, PA 16066 USA Website: <u>www.MSAsafety.com</u>

U.S. Support Information: +1 408 964-4443 +1 800 727-4377 Email: <u>smc-support@msasafety.com</u>

EMEA Support Information: +31 33 808 0590 Email: <u>smc-support.emea@msasafety.com</u>

Contents

1	Descri	ption	.4
1	Driver 1.1 S 1.2 F 1.2.1 H 1.2.2 (Scope of Supply Supplied by MSA Safety Provided by the Supplier of 3 rd Party Equipment Hardware Optional Items	4 4 4 4
2	Hardwa 2.1 E 2.1.1 F 2.1.2 F 2.2 F	are Connections Enable the Gateway Bias and Termination Resistors FS-QS-2xxx S-QS-1xxx Hardware Connection Tips/Hints	5 6 7 9
3	Data A	rray Parameters1	0
4	Client 3 4.1 C 4.2 C 4.3 C 4.3.1 F 4.3.2 C 4.3.3 T 4.4 M	Side Configuration 1 Client Side Connection Parameters 1 Client Side Node Descriptors 1 Client Side Map Descriptor Parameters 1 FieldServer Specific Map Descriptor Parameters 1 Driver Related Map Descriptor Parameters 1 Timing Parameters 1 Map Descriptor Example 1	1 2 2 2 2 3
5	Useful 5.1 D 5.1.1 F 5.1.2 F 5.1.3 A 5.1.4 F	Features 1 Data Mapping 1 Fire-Levels 1 Fault-Status 1 Air-Flow 1 Particle-Level and Gain Setting 1	4 4 4 5

1 Description

The Safe-Fire-Detection Master driver implements a data link protocol that uses the services of the RS-485/RS-232 physical layer. CirrusPro network consists of single or multiple detectors and display units. Detector or display unit is referenced as node. Each node is assigned a unique node number. FieldServer will act as master node on network so it should also be configured with a unique node number. This master driver is developed to read current data from each detector node. Data consists of fault status, Fire-Levels, Air Flow value and Particle-Level & gain setting for all 4 pipes.

The information that follows describes how to expand upon the factory defaults provided in the configuration files included with the FieldServer.

Max Nodes Supported

FieldServer Mode	Nodes	Comments
Client	32	
Server	N/A	

1 Driver Scope of Supply

1.1 Supplied by MSA Safety

Part #	Description
FS-8917-16	RJ45 to terminal connector cable

1.2 Provided by the Supplier of 3rd Party Equipment

1.2.1 Hardware

Description

CirrusPro Series detectors on RS-485/RS-232 Network

1.2.2 Optional Items

Part #	Vendor/Manufacturer	Description
FS-4301-00	FieldServer	RS-232 to RS-485 converter

2 Hardware Connections

Configure the Safe-Fire-Detection network according to manufacturer's instructions.

Enable BIAS and termination registers on FieldServer.

The FieldServer is connected to the Safe-Fire network as shown in connection drawing below.



2.1 Enable the Gateway Bias and Termination Resistors

The gateway Bias and Termination Resistors must be enabled to allow the gateway to communicate with the Safe Fire panel.

2.1.1 FS-QS-2xxx

See the image for the orientation of switch positions referenced below. Both BIAS- and BIAS+ must be enabled.

- The default factory setting is in the OFF position (switch is to the left side as shown below).
- To enable, move the switches to the ON position (switch is on the **right** side)



NOTE: The image shows all switches in the OFF position.

2.1.2 FS-QS-1xxx

Connecting the Safe Fire Panel to the 3-Pin Port

Remove the purple cover to expose the small DIP switches near the field port (opposite of the 6-pin port).

See the image for the orientation of switch positions referenced below.

- The default factory setting is in the OFF position (switch is to the **right** side as shown below).
- To enable, move the switches to the ON position (switch is on the left side).



NOTE: The image shows both switches in the OFF position.

Connecting the Safe Fire Panel to the 6-Pin Port

- The default positions from the factory for the biasing jumpers are OFF.
- The OFF position is when the 2 red biasing jumpers straddle the 4 pins closest to the outside of the board.
- To turn biasing ON, move the 2 red biasing jumpers to straddle the 4 pins closest to the inside of the board of the ProtoNode.



- The default position from the factory for the end of line (EOL) switch is OFF.
- The OFF position is when the blue jumper is straddling the pins closest to the inside of the board.
- To turn the EOL switch ON, move the blue switch straddling the pins closest to the outside of the board.



2.2 Hardware Connection Tips/Hints

Follow standard RS-485 2-wire guidelines for installation. See connection diagram below.

Also enable BIAS register on FieldServer.



3 Data Array Parameters

Data Arrays are "protocol neutral" data buffers for storage of data to be passed between protocols. It is necessary to declare the data format of each of the Data Arrays to facilitate correct storage of the relevant data.

Section Title		
Data_Arrays		
Column Title	Function	Legal Values
Data Array Namo	Provide name for Data Array	Up to 15 alphanumeric
Data_Anay_Name	Flovide name for Data Allay.	characters
Data Arroy Format	Provide data format. Each Data Array can only take	Float, Bit, Byte, Uint16,
Dala_Anay_Fonnal	on one format.	Uint32, Sint16, Sint32
	Number of Data Objects. Must be larger than the	
Data_Array_Length	data storage area required by the Map Descriptors	1-10000
	for the data being placed in this array.	

Example

<pre>// Data Arrays</pre>						
Data_Arrays	Data_Arrays					
Data_Array_Name	, Data_Format	, Data_Array_Length				
DA_Fire_Levels	, Bit	, 16				
DA_Fault_Status	, Bit	, 32				
DA_Air_Flow	, Uint16	, 4				
DA_PLevels_Gain	, Uint16	, 8				

4 Client Side Configuration

For detailed information on FieldServer configuration, refer to the FieldServer Configuration Manual. The information that follows describes how to expand upon the factory defaults provided in the configuration files included with the FieldServer (see ".csv" sample files provided with the FieldServer).

This section documents and describes the parameters necessary for configuring the FieldServer to communicate with a Safe-Fire Server.

The configuration file tells the FieldServer about its interfaces, and the routing of data required. In order to enable the FieldServer for Safe-Fire communications the following three actions must be taken. The driver independent FieldServer buffers need to be declared in the "Data Arrays" section. The destination device addresses need to be declared in the "Client Side Nodes" section. And the data required from the server(s) needs to be mapped in the "Client Side Map Descriptors" section. Details on how to perform these steps can be found in the following sections.

NOTE: In the tables below, * indicates an optional parameter, with the bold legal value as default.

4.1 Client Side Connection Parameters

Section Litle		
Connections		
Column Title	Function	Legal Values
Port	Specify which port the device is connected to the FieldServer.	P1-P2, R1-R2 ¹
Baud*	Specify baud rate.	19200
Parity*	Specify parity.	None
Data_Bits*	Specify data bits.	8
Stop_Bits*	Specify stop bits.	2
Protocol	Specify protocol used.	Safe-Fire
Poll Delay*	Time between internal polls.	0-65.534s, 0.1s
Timeout*	Maximum time to wait for response from server.	0-65.534s, 5s
Safe_Fire_Node_Number*	Assign a unique Safe-Fire node number to FieldServer.	0-255, 127

Example

// (// Client Side Connections						
Con	Connections						
Port	, Baud	, Parity	, Data_Bits	, Stop_Bits	, Protocol	, Poll_Delay	, Timeout
R1	, 19200	, None	, 8	, 2	, Safe-Fire	, 0.100s	, 5s

¹ Not all ports shown may be supported by the hardware. Consult the appropriate Instruction manual for details of the hardware.

4.2 Client Side Node Descriptors

Section Title Nodes **Column Title** Function Legal Values Node_Name Provide name for node. Up to 32 alphanumeric characters Node_ID Specify the remote Safe-Fire node number. 1 – 255 Protocol Specify protocol used. Safe-Fire Port Specify port. R1-R2

Example

// Client Side Nodes					
Nodes					
Node_Name	, Node_ID	, Protocol	, Port		
Det_255	, 255	, Safe-Fire	, R1		
Node_Name	, Node_ID	, Protocol	, Port		

4.3 Client Side Map Descriptor Parameters

4.3.1 FieldServer Specific Map Descriptor Parameters

Column Title	Function	Legal Values	
Map_Descriptor_Name	Name of this Map Descriptor.	Up to 32 alphanumeric characters	
Data Array Namo	Name of Data Array where data is to	One of the Data Array names from	
Data_Anay_Name	be stored in the FieldServer.	"Data Array" section above	
Data Array Offect	Starting location in Data Array	0 to maximum specified in "Data	
Data_Anay_Onset	Starting location in Data Array.	Array" section above	
Function	Function of Server Map Descriptor.	RDBC	

4.3.2 Driver Related Map Descriptor Parameters

Column Title	Function	Legal Values		
Node_Name	Name of Node to fetch data from.	One of the Node names specified in Node Descriptor section		
Safe_Fire_Request	Specify the safe-fire request type.	Safe-Fire-Levels, Fault-Status, Air-Flow, Particle-Level		
		Safe-Fire-Request Length		
	Specify the number of data array locations used to store the data of the	Safe-Fire-Levels 16		
Length		Fault-Status 32		
	specified Safe_Fire_Request.	Air-Flow 4		
		Particle-Level 8		

4.3.3 Timing Parameters

Column Title Function		Legal Values	
Scan_Interval*	Rate at which data is polled.	0-65535s, 2s	

Map Descriptor Example 4.4

Following examples below are to read all the required data from Detector_255.

See Section 5.1 for details on data mapping.

Map Descriptors							
Map_Descriptor_Name	, Data_Array_Name	, Data_Array_Offset	, Function	, Node_Name	, Safe_Fire_Request	, Length	, Scan_Interval
CMD_Fire_Levels	, DA_Fire_Levels	, 0	, Rdbc	, Det_255	, Fire-Levels	, 16	, 1.000s
CMD_Fault_Status	, DA_Fault_Status	, 0	, Rdbc	, Det_255	, Fault-Status	, 32	, 1.000s
CMD_Fire_Levels	, DA_Fire_Levels	, 0	, Rdbc	, Det_255	, Air-Flow	, 4	, 1.000s
CMD_Fire_Levels	, DA_Fire_Levels	, 0	, Rdbc	, Det_255	, Particle-Level	, 8	, 1.000s

5 Useful Features

5.1 Data Mapping

5.1.1 Fire-Levels

Data Array Offset	Data Description
0	Pipe1 Pre-Alarm
1	Pipe1 Fire1
2	Pipe1 Fire2
3	Pipe1 Fire3
4	Pipe2 Pre-Alarm
5	Pipe2 Fire1
6	Pipe2 Fire2
7	Pipe2 Fire3
8	Pipe3 Pre-Alarm
9	Pipe3 Fire1
10	Pipe3 Fire2
11	Pipe3 Fire3
12	Pipe4 Pre-Alarm
13	Pipe4 Fire1
14	Pipe4 Fire2
15	Pipe4 Fire3

5.1.2 Fault-Status

Data Array Offset	Data Description (0/1)
0	Processor Fault
1	EEPROM Corrupt
2	Supply Fault
3	No Water Fault
4	Chamber Seal Fault
5	Chamber Vacuum Fault
6	Chamber LED Fault
7	Water Fill Fault
8	Air Flow Fault
9	Stack Overflow Fault
10	Unit Isolated
11	Low Supply
12	High AlgoTech Background
13	Unit Too Cold
14	Unit Disabled
15	Expansion PCB Fault
16	External Fault
17	Battery Fault
18	Sample Block Fault
19	Purge Blockage Fault
20	Chamber Seal Fault
21	Pipe Scan Disabled
22-31	For Future Use

5.1.3 Air-Flow

Data Array Offset	Data Description (%)
0	Pipe1 Air Flow
1	Pipe2 Air Flow
2	Pipe3 Air Flow
3	Pipe4 Air Flow

5.1.4 Particle-Level and Gain Setting

Data Array Offset	Data Description		
Particle-Level (%)			
0	Pipe1 Particle Level		
1	Pipe1 Particle Level		
2	Pipe1 Particle Level		
3	Pipe1 Particle Level		
Gain Setting (1-10)			
4	Pipe1 Gain Setting		
5	Pipe2 Gain Setting		
6	Pipe3 Gain Setting		
7	Pipe4 Gain Setting		